THE NATIONAL REPORT TONE TONE ACCURACY TONE OF THE SECOND

ANOTHER BUSY DAY

FOR THE 'IN-COMING PRESIDENT,

Legions of Callers at the Riggs House-A Grand State Dinner at the Executive Manslon-General Garfield Entertained by the Retiring President.

Yesterday was another busy day with General Garfield. Attempts were early made to see him, but very few, and those only personal friends, succeeded. At eleven o'clock he called at the White House and had a brief interview with President Hayes. He also had a pleasant chat with the attaches, most of whom have held their present positions for several years, and have become perfectly experienced in their several duties. General Garfield is personally acquainted. with nearly every employee about the Executive Mansion, having been brought into frequent contact with them when his official and social duties took him there. On this account it is the general impression that there will hardly be any changemany years proved themselves efficient and faithfol will be permitted to retain their present posi-

After his call at the White House General Garfield returned to the Riggs House, and upon the announcement that he would see visitors an almost endless stream of callers poured in upon him. Senators and Representatives came with their advice, their recommendations, and their inquiries; visitors in the city came in swarms and the throng of persons going in and out of the reception-room was second only to the surging mass of humanity that throughout the entire day filled the broad Avenue, and made it seem like Broadway upon a festive occasion.

From half-past three to seven p. m. the President-elect was again busily engaged in receiving calls, most of his visitors being friends and admirers who had arrived in the city during the morning, with an occasional call from some one of the political leaders, who were laden with suggestions regarding the selections for the new Cabinet. At seven o'clock the President-elect and Mrs. Garfield left their hotel and were driven to the White House, where they attended the farewell state dinner of the President and Mrs. Hayes. The guests who sat down at eight o'clock were President-elect and Mrs. Garfield, the Vice-President, Chief Justice and Mrs. Waite, Secretary and Mrs. Evarts, Secretary and Mrs. Sherman, Secretary Ramsey, Secretary and Mrs. Goff, Postmaster-General Maynard, Attorney-General Devens, Mrs. A. L. Devens, Secretary and Miss Schurz, General Sherman, Judge and Mrs. Key, Governor Foster, Senator-elect Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. McKinley, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers, Mr.

and Mrs. Eells, and Mr. Handy. The venerable mother of General Garfield was also present, but retired before the company had | Congressional Representation Under the risen from the table. After the dinner was over the guests assembled in the East room, and the Columbus Glee Club, who were present by special invitation, rendered several exquisite selections. The first song was a drinking song with a laughing chorus that elicited great applause. This was followed by two selections from the songs of the last camversion of the old Yale chant, "Upide." These, to speak in stage parlance, brought down the house, and were applauded to the echo. The club then sang fully thanked the leader and members of the club, who are almost all old friends, for the pleasure they had conterred upon her guests and herself, and presented the club with a lovely basket of flowers, after which they were invited to partake of refreshments.

At 9:45 o'clock the President-elect's cardage was called and he and Mrs. Garfield returned to the Riggs House. From this hour until nearly midnight, although many cards were sent up, General Garfield declined to see any one except those of the party leaders with whom he felt disposed to consult in regard to the selection of his Cabinet.

The question of who would be selected for the Cabinet was of course the only topic of interest in the lobby and reading-room below, and special correspondents moved restlessly yesterday through the packed mass of soldiers, politicians, office-seekers, and ordinary citizens who filled even the stairway, seeking for such crumbs of information as would enable them to telegraph a shrewd guess of the new administration to their respective jour-

It was not until definite information was received to the effect that the President-elect had | meeting, closing as follows: retired for the night that the crowd disintegrated and silence sank down on the scene.

#### FIFTY THOUSAND VISITORS. An Overflowing City-Scenes About the

Hotels Last Night. The scenes at the hotels last night were beyond description. Hundreds of tired travelers quarters, but the reply, "all full," was their only consolation. At the Metropolitan Hotel every room was engaged at four o'clock in the afternoon, and the parlors, reception, and dining-rooms were filled up with cots for temporary occupancy. The employees gave up their rooms to the guests, and slept in one of the upper corridors on bare mattresses. It was the same at the National, St. James. and Potomac Railroad, where the bulk of the visitors 50,000 strangers were in town, and, with what are expected to-day, it is stated that upward of 100,000 a plea of writing letters home, secured chairs in the by the watchmen this morning. Cots were even ing them, one dollar, was cheerfully paid. Ressurents were kept open long after the usual hour for closing, owing to the inability of the proprietors to dislodge their guests. With all the crowd, few cases of robbery were reported, and these were for triffing amounts. A tour of the up-town hotels early this morning showed the same conutilized for sleeping purposes was availed of. At the Riggs House one thousand persons were fed in the parlors, billiard and bar rooms for the accommodation of guests. Willard's Hotel fed 800 and the hall attached to it resembled a hospital ward with its long rows of cots and their tired occupants. Seven hundred were cared for at the dors. At the Imperial six hundred and fifty guests were made as comfortable as possible,

#### how the arrivals to-day will fare is a mystery. ROUTE OF THE PROCESSION.

Such a crowd has never, in the memory of the old-

est inhabitant, been present in Washington, and

evenue to the Thomas statue, and thence down

The Senate committee having charge of the in-Rogural ceremonies at the Capitol have requested without reproach or criticism. the attendance of the presidential party at the Capitol at a quarter past eleven o'clock a. m. of leave you I desire to have the kindly recollections depressing influence upon those who had anticiinaugural procession must be in line by or before | bands with any who desire to do so." ten o'clock, ready to move by a quarter past ten a. m. Theother divisions will not be required to C'clock in the forenoon.

## TELEGRAPHIC TWISTINGS.

THERE is another terrible snow-storm

laging in the West and Northwest, and reports icago say that there is a hopeless blockasle of the railroad trains, MR. PARNELL visited Marshall Mc-

Mahon, in Paris, yesterday. The latter spoke affectionately of the country of his ancestors, but he declined to commit himself concerning the agra-

Whilam Brown, Democratic senator from the fifth district of Connecticut, died suddenly at his residence, in Waterbury, Conn., last hight, of heart disease. Mr. Brown was seventy-State.

Mr. Brown was seventyState.

Major W. T. Aull, of General Hartranft's staff, and
Mr. John Roach, the ship builder, of Chester, Pa.,

the action of the grand jury.

THE CABINET SLATE. What is Said of It Up to Date-The Prob

able Appointments. The cabinet makers were very busy up to the time of our going to press. While we pre-tend to no knowledge, a sifting of all rumors, surmises, and opinions points strongly to the following:

Secretary of State, James G. Blaine, Maine. Secretary of Treasury, William Windom, Minne-

Secretary of War, Robert T. Lincoln, Illinois. Secretary of Navy, A. C. Harmer, Pennsylvania. Attorney General, William H. Hunt, Louisiaua. Postmaster General, Thomas L. James, New York Secretary of Interior, William B. Allison, Iowa. The President-elect has kept his counsels well and no positive information has been obtainable. Until yesterday the Treasury Department was thought by some likely to go to Judge Folger, of New York, and by others Senator Allison was believed to be the coming man. The selection of Senator Windom for the Treasury would, it was thought, bring Governor Kirkwood, of Iowa, intothe Interior Department. The personal attachment of General Garfield to Senator Allison, howamong this force, but that those who have for so ever, will probably lead him to urge that gentleman to take the Interior Department. The Pennsylvania delegation have made such determined opposition to Wayne MacVeagh, and have so warmiy indorsed ex-Representative Harmer, that the opinion prevails very generally that the latter will be called to the Navy Department. He served on the House Committee on

Judge Hunt, of Louisiana, bad been under consideration as Secretary of the Navy; but, with Pennsylvania represented by Harmer, instead of MacVeagh, Judge Hunt would naturally take the latter's place as Attorney-General. He is a most able lawyer, and, as he is from the section where the laws are most persistently violated, he can well be trusted to administer the affairs of the Department of Justice.

The Post-Office Department seems destined to go to a New Yorker. Mr. James' name is the only one which had been publicly discussed in that connection up to Wednesday, since which time the friends of Hon. Richard Crowley, of New York, have urged him for that position. As the 4th of March is always cold or stormy,

and the most disagreeable time of the whole year, we hope that before the next inauguration of General Garfield the Constitution will be so amended as to fix the time for the 4th of May. It is doubtful whether the Cabinet will be sent in

For France. The President-elect has indicated to Hon. Levi P. Morton his desire that he should represent the Government at the Court of St. Cloud, and Mr. Morton has consented.

#### HOW IT WILL STAND.

New Apportionment Bill. The apportionment bill as it passed the House this afternoon, fixing the representation upon the basis of 319 members of the House, gives | where General Creswell presented him to the multhe following representation to the several States: | titude, as follows: Alabama, 8; Arkansas, 5; California, 6; Colorado, 1; tieut, 4; Delaware, 1; Florida, 2; Georgia, 10 Illinois, 20; Indiana, 13; Iowa, 10; Kansas, 6; Kentucky, 11; Louisiana, 6; Maine, 4; Maryland, 6; Massachusetts, 12; Michigan, 11; Minnesota, 5; Mississippi, 7; Missouri, 14; Nebraska, 3; Nevada, 1; New Hampshire, 2; New Jersey, 7; New York, 33; North Carolina, 9; Ohio, 21; Oregon, 1; Pennsylvania, 28; Rhode Island, 2; South Carolina, 6; Tennessee, 10; Texas, 10; Vermont, 2; Virginia, 10; West Vir-

ginia, 4: Wisconsin, 8, Total, 319, The gains and losses of the several States will be as follows: Gains-Arkansas, 1; California, 2; Georgia, 1: Illinois, 1: Iowa, 1: Kansas, 3; Kentucky, 1; Massachusetts, 1; Michigan, 2; Minnesota, 2; Mississippi, 1; Missouri, 1; Minnesota, 1; Nebraska, 2; North Carolina, 1; Ohio, 1; Pennsylvania, 1; South Carolina, 1; Texas 4; Virginia, 1; West Virginia, 1. Total gains, 29. The losses will be Maine, 1; New Hampshire, 1; Vermont, 1.

### SHERMAN'S FAREWELL.

The Secretary of the Treasury Bids Good

The Secretary of the Treasury took leave of the officers and employees of the Department yesterday at three o'clock. Upon their assembling in his room, Assistant Secretary French made the address, which had been prepared at a previous

"We respectfully and affectionately assure you of our high esteem, and of our regret at your departure; and each of us, taking you by the hand as you leave us for the high office which you are about to assume, bids you God speed and wishes you prosperity and happiness in all the relations

ceived this mark of your appreciation and kindness with more emotion than is usual with me. I feel that we have served together during four years of important and exacting labor. During that time I have no doubt that in my intercourse with you I have not always been what you here certify that I have been. I have no doubt I have often been abrupt and impatient, and perhaps have not been observant of all the courtesies and kindnesses that men ought to exercise in their intercourse with each other. Still we have been engaged in the decision was necessary and promptness indisto another sphere of duty, I feel that I have no enemy here I wish to punish, but that all are friends whom I would be glad to reward. Most of you have been here longer than I have. Many of nade, will be arranged and tendered him previous you are indispensable to the public service. The to his departure from the city. head of this Department may change-may come and go-yet there are men whom I now address who could not be spared from the public service and from this Department as readily as any Secretary who might be named. Your duties are extremely important. The safety of the public money, the public interests all depend upon the exactness with which the acdition of affairs-every foot of space that could be counts are kept and the various duties Without the signature of many of you I sign no during the day, and three hundred cots were put | paper of importance. The great body of the duties | ganizations reached the city and were escorted to | Colonel O. H. Nealy ; commissary-general, Colonel of this Department are performed by you. It is where important policies are to be pursued, that the Secretary of the Treasury performs inportant functions. You have the custody and control of the collection and disbursement of the public the Baltimore and Obio depot, and the process revenues. Upon your judgement all accounts preserved; and, therefore, to you, more than to me, thronged the waiting rooms and blocked the sideduty-that you, and perhaps I also, have performed our duty to the best of our abilities, and with satisfactory success. Our country is now prosperous. Four years ago her financial condition was one of gloom and despondency; we found our paper money below par; we found the public credit impaired in all the marcossion, after passing the President in front of the kets of the world. By your agency, and White House, will continue up Pennsylvania by the favorable course of events, and, more than all, by the blesssngs of Divine were displayed. Upon the broad pavement a livdirect to the McPherson statue, thence up Vermont | Providence, we now find our public credit, as your | ing tide of humanity-men, women, and childrenpaper says, unexampled among the nations of the ebbed and flowed, pausing every now and then in sachusetts avenue to Mount Vernon Place or world; we find the public money all at par with its movement as some fresh troop marched by, and gold coin and safe in the custody of the Treasurer then resuming its onward movement without apand his subordinates; we find the accounting officers pursuing their duties evenly and exactly.

## Now, gentlemen, I can say no more. When I March 4. Consequently, the first division of the and friendship of you all. I will be glad to shake

Mr. Sherman appeared to be very much affected and his concluding remarks were broken and at move till about one p. m., but Pennsylvania ave- times almost inaudible. Many of the prominent of Vennor's predictions began to be apparent. mue, from Seventeenth street to the Capitol, must officers, particularly those with whom he has been Troops that reached the city after night-fall be free of all cars and vehicles as early as ten intimately associated, were also very much affected. Whatever has heretofore been said about Mr. Sherman's coldness it is evident that he has marched bravely, firmly and heroically, and the deepest feelings for those around him with blessed Washington for its concrete pavewhom he associated and to whom he has become ments which avoided the clinging mud of other attached. He leaves the Department with the thorough respect and with the most kindly feeling filled with eager crowds of both sexes until far inon the part of all his officers and employees.

#### More Personals. Ex-Governor Flanagan, of Texas, is at

Young Adam Forepaugh, the great lion tamer and tiger manipulator, marched with the West Philadelphia Club yesterday. Hon. William R. Leeds, Philadelphia;

WILLIAM HENRY BROOKS, colored, was H. C. Adams, Sheriff of Marion County, the forms of warrants for arrest and the proclama-Briested in Baltimore yesterday for the murder of Ind. (of which Indianapolis is the county seat), tion of the districts to be subject to the act must Henry Brummell, also colored, whom he shot at a late hour Wednesslay night. Upon the verdict of the coroner's jury the accused was committed for the action of the grand time action of the grand time.

## WELCOMING HANCOCK

THE SENIOR MAJOR-GENERAL HERE.

in Enthusiastic Reception at the Depot - An Ovation at His Hotel-He Makes a Little Speech, and Slyly Pokes Fun at General Sherman.

The train which brought General W. . Hancock and staff was nearly four hours late and from four o'clock until the time the train arrived the approaches to the Baltimore and Potomac depot were thronged by an enthusiastic crowd. At half-past seven o'clock the train arrived, and General Hancock and staff were taken charge of by the following committees: On the part of the executive committee, Colonel J. W. Thompson, Hon. J. A. J. Creswell, and Colonel H. C. Corbin; the military seception committee, Colonel J. R. O'Beirne, Major Bradley, and Captain Foote. As General Hancock: stepped from the train, Major Bradley, of the military reception committee, shook him by the hand and

GENERAL: The military reception committee welcome you to Washington, and begateave to say they feel that this inaugural demonstration would be incomplete as a great national affair without your presence, and they thank you for your; pres

The General answered: GENTLEMEN: I thank your committee for their

The general and staff were then taken rapidly through the crowd, who cheered madly upon well, and Colonel H. C. Corbin, with the remaining members of the committee in the third carriage. As the line of vehicles turned into Sixth street, the Washington Light Infantry, which formed the military escort, presented arms, while the band struck up "Hall to the Chief," and the multitude shouted themselves hoarse.

THE LINE OF MARCH was up the Avenue to Fifteenth street, and up Fifteenth street to Wormley's, where a suite of apartments on the first floor in the northeast corner of the hotel had been secured for General Hancock. During the progress of the procession up the Avenue the crowd continued to increase in numbers and enthusiasm, and several times made an effort to take the horses from the carriage in which General Hancock was riding, and were only deterred by his earnest objections. When Wormley's was reached the crowd surged around into H street and completely blocked up every approach to the

A SPEECH AT THE HOTEL. General Hancock alighted and was escorted to his rooms by the committee, and after depositing his wraps, was conducted back to the portico,

FELLOW-CITIZENS—It is with the utmost satisfac-

be received by the chairman and some of the colored companies to march in battalion.

The Capital City Guards, organized Date of the colored companies to march in battalion. company of military, nor did I have any idea you would gather in such large numbers to welcome me. Then it fills me with gratitude to contemplate this vast array of people who have marched with me to my hotel. I wish to apologize for detaining you so long at the depot awaiting my arrival, for putting you to so much trouble, and for selecting such unseasonable weather for visiting the Capital. If you will pardon me for this, I will thank you for the great honor you have conferred on me and bid you

At the conclusion of this speech the crowd gave three cheers and a "tiger" for General Hancock, who withdrew to his private parior, where he held

Monday or Tuesday next, as he proposed to stay in the city until after the first rush of departing multitudes was over. During the trip from New York to this city there was considerable enthusiwho boarded the train and insisted upon shaking hands with General Hancock.

GENERAL HANCOCK'S QUARTERS. The rooms assigned to General Hancock at Wormley's were profusely decorated with flowers, the mantle was a beautiful basket of flowers from Mrs. W. A. Field, of Texas.

During the progress of General Hancock's speech the ladies at the hotel had gathered in the large parlor on the left of the hall, and, as the speech knowledgements to the crowd outside some one von to salute them."

General Hancock laughed heartily at this suggestion, and replied: No; that would be an infringement of the especial privilege of my superior. General Sherman is the only man in the army who has carte blanche

It is intimated that some formal demonstration to General Hancock, probably a reception or sere-

## A GAY CAPITAL.

Pictures on the Avenue-The Eve of In-The stirring scenes of yesterday formed a fitting prologue to the glorious pageant that will take place to-day. From early dawn the shrill fife, the rattling drum, the martial music of militheir quarters. Everywhere was life and action. cession, each being overburdened with had made great preparations, especially at of disembarkation was rendered rapid and easy charge by its escort it was greeted with loud and more: Columbia Club, colonel, A. Hart. hearty cheering. The Avenue presented a sight long to be remembered, and which was probably second in its surging crowds of people only to that which will be the result to-day. The decorations were tasteful. elaborate, and numerous. From nearly every building waved flags and bunting, while upon many the most artistic designs of decorative art of keeping in motion. - The dull gray of the leaden pated only pleasure, and the inquiries as to the probabilities for good weather to-day were many and sincere. As the drizzling rain began to fall, changing to sleet, and then to snow, the fulfillment needed the inspiring strains of their bands as they marched through the snow and slush, yet they cities. Despite the storm, the streets remained to the night, and even in the early morning the quiet watches of the special police and nightliners were occasionally broken by the irrepressibles who had determined to neutralize the effects of surface moisture by liberal indulgences of

moisture of a different specific gravity and effect. About the Coercion Act.

London, March 2.-The Dublin correspondent of the Times says: The coercion bill cannot come into force for a day or two. An official copy of the act must be received here, and be determined by the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council, and published in the Dublin Gazette, the official paper.

OUR OWN FOLKS. How the District Will Be Represented in

the Parade. The District will be fully and well represented in the parade to-day. The District military will make a display of which our people will have just cause to be proud. The Washington Light Infantry corps will parade in full force (about 150 men) in a battalion of four companies, officered by Colonel Moore and Lieutenants Dalton, Ross, Miller and Goddard. The Light Infantry Corps is known all over the land for its wonderful proficiency in drill. The corps will appear in full dress uniform, white Austrian cloth- coats, blue pants, striped with white, gold epaulettes and lynx-fur

The National Rifles, who have accomplished wonders since the reorganization of the company in July last, will parade to-day with sixty-two men in line. The Rifles made their maiden parade on the 22d of February. They will march to-day in full-dress uniform-scarlet coat, with gold slashings and white facings, white epaulets with gold and white fringe, dark-blue pants, with inchwide Austrian cloth, stripe, and lynx-fur shakos, with gold tassel hanging from the front, and brass scale chin straps. The overcoats are of dark-blue beaver, with caps lined with white flannel and the body of the cont warmly quilted with red flannel. Fatigue caps are also worn when not on parade and are the ordinary officers' cap, with the etters " N. R." in front. The dress belt is really a work of art. The officers are: Colonel J. O. P. Burnside commanding; N. W. Fitzgerald, first

lieutenant, and Jesse M. Bassett, second lieutenant. The Union Veteran Corps, of this city, was organized April 29, 1880, and have a membership of sixty, rank and file, all veterans of the late war. Their sight of his well-known features, to carriages in uniform is light-blue pants and overcoats and front of the depot. In the first carriage were Gen- dress hats, with sky-blue pompons. The present eral Hancock, Generals Mitchell and Fry, of his officers are: Captain, S. E. Thomassen: first lieustaff, and Colonel O'Beirne; in the second car- tenant, M. E. Urell; second lieutenant, T. B. Harririage, General Perry (also of General Hancock's son, and surgeon, F. Donohue. They will parade staff), Colonel J. W. Thompson, Hon. J. A. J. Cres- with full ranks to-day and have been assigned to do escort duty to the visiting posts of the Grand Army of the Republic.

The District Artillery, Major Hannemann commanding, will parade in full numbers. Company B, Washington Light' Guard, will parade in handsome new uniforms, fifty strong. The officers of the company are; Donald McCathran, captain; Fred S. Hodgson, first lieutenant; L. A. Bailey, second lieutenant; G. W. Gates, second

The Butler Zouaves, the oldest colored military company in the United States, organized May 12, 1865, and composed entirely of soldiers and sailors of the late war, will appear in line to-day with sixty men, uniformed in dark blue coats, with white trimmings; light blue pants, with double white stripe; infantry cap, white and blue feather, and canvas cross belts. The officers are: Charles B. Fisher, captain ; Benjamin Young, first lieutenant; John Moore, second lieutenant, and Robert Johnson, third lieutenant.

Company B, Lincoln Light Infantry, of Georgetown, will parade forty strong, uniformed in dark blue, square-cut coats, trimmed with white, and light-blue pants, with stripe. The officers are: Lewis T. Johnson, captain; William Cornell, first lieutenant; John E. Sample, second lieutenant; Joseph C. Beckett, third lieutenant.

Company D, Washington Cadets, will parade with forty-six men in line. The uniform consists of dark-At these remarks the crowd swayed back and a very neat appearance. The officers are: Charles forth and hurrahed like mad as General Hancock | A. Fleetwood, captain; Edmund Brockenburgh, first lieutenant; Edward Owens, second lieutenant. Major Fisher, the senior captain, has ordered the

The Capital City Guards, organized December 7 last, will parade with forty men, and make a handsome appearance in their new uniforms, dark-blue cut-away coats, with gold and buff slashings, darkblue pants, with buff stripe, white waist and cross belts, and buff and scarlet pompon plumes. The Guards will carry a banner recently presented them by their lady friends. The officers are: Captain, Thomas S. Kelly; first lieutenant, Charles R. Douglass, and second lieutenant, J. G. B. Marshal.

The civic organizations of the District will also ment of the Potomac, G. A. R., will be out in full force, escorted by the Salon Veteran Corps of this for some time an informal reception, shaking hands | city and the Central City, Veteran Corps of Syrawith many of his old army friends and political cuse. The Grand Army posts will march in the following order: Grand Army drum corps: William Gibson, department commander: staff: Departwould remain in the city, General Hancock said | ment of the Potomac-John A. Rawlins Post, No. that he would probably return to New York about 1, M. E. Urell, commander, 80 comrades; Kit Carson Post, No. 2, James M. Edgar, commander, 120 comrades; Lincoln Post, No. 3, N. M. Brooks, commander, 167 comrades; O. P. Morton Post, No. 4. William G. Hall, commander, 50 comrades; George asm manifested at different points, especially at G. Meade Post, No. 5, Thomas G. Allan, com-Baltimore, where a large crowd was assembled, | mander, 70 comrades; John F. Reynolds Post, No.

6, L. B. Parker, commander, 40 comrades. Columbia Commandery, No. 2, K. T., of this city, will appear in the first division as a Templar escort to the President-elect, General William H. Browne, the eminent commander, in command, the back of the divan being literally covered with | Maryland Commandery, of Baltimore, has aca huge pillow of roses and calla lillies, while on | cepted an invitation to march with the Washington Knights.

The Irish-American Republican Association will parade 100 men in the inauguration procession with Repetti's Band. At their head will be carried the battle flag borne by the Irish brigade during was concluded, they joined in the applause. As the war in all the battles participated in during General Hancock turned from bowing his ac- that fearful strife. This flag was presented to Thomas Francis Meagher's brigade, in New York, said: "General, here are the ladies. It is in order for by the ladies of that city. The Irish Republican Club, of New York city, numbering 100 men, will march with the Irish Republican Club of this city under the marshalship of Hon. Thomas

> The Young Men's Central Garfield and Arthur Club, which was organized for the presidential campaign July 1, 1880, will appear in line with 100 men. The officers are: William Voss, president; John A. Cooper, vice-president; A. N. Dewey, secretary and treasurer. They will number about 100 men in the parade, A. N. Dewey be-

The following shows the organization: Ellery C. Ford, major-general, commanding: adjutantgeneral, Paul Brodic; chief of staff, Brigadier-General Robert S. Graham: inspector-general, Colonel William Gibson; chief mustering officer, Colonel J. John Cameron; judge advocate-general, Colonel William A. Lawrence; surgeon-genof subordinates are observed and performed. tary bands, and the heavy tramp of armed men eral, Surgeon D. W. Bliss; chief of artillery, Colonel were constantly heard; as the various visiting or- Julius R. Hanneman; quartermaster-general, L. B. Cutler; paymaster-general, Colonel George only here and there where new questions arise, or At the depots trains arrived in quick suc- Truesdell; signal officer, Colonel T. D. Yeager; aides de camp, Lieutenant-Colonel M. Gardiner, its living freight. The railread officials Lieutenant-Colonel L. Y. Mitchell, Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Moore, Lieutenant-Colonel Fred Mack, Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. S. Burger, Lieutenant-Colonel B. F. Chase, Lieutenant-Colonel are passed; upon your fidelity all public money is by the complete system that was adopted. Crowds | William F. DeKnight, Lieutenant-Colonel B. F. Oliphant: Roscoe Conkling Club, colonel, E. W. walks; good-humored, motley, all anixious to see Oyster; U.S. Grant Club, colonel, F. A. Seeley; the arrivals and to know what was going on, and Pap Thomas Club, colonel, M. D. Montis; as each organization arrived and was taken in James A. Garfield Club, colonel, George M. Fill-

# A HOWLING STORM.

CHICAGO, March 3.-A dispatch from Sioux City says: The present storm is particularly discouraging. Snow has been blown by the wind so that it has filled all the tracks leading to the city. All the roads within two hundred miles. east, north, and west of Sioux City, are blockaded. some of them ever since New Year's Day. Nothing fast that all efforts to keep the sidewalks passable on the alleged abuses of the franking privileges, sky, which formed a notable contrast to the to pedestrians have been abandoned, and they West, and only two from the East.

EAST SAGINAW, MICH., March 3.-The most severe storm of the season thus far prevails here. It is pended. Two or three Senate pension bills mansnow, and blowing furiously. The snow is from aged to struggle through, principally because the twenty inches to three feet in depth in Northern Michigan. The trains north are blockaded. Six inches of snow has fallen in the last four hoursat four p. m.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., March 3 .- At noon the storm and street-cars have stopped running, and business is at a stand still. It will require a week's time to open the railroads in this the "regular order," and only a few remained in State. The blizzard is general throughout the southern half of Wisconsin. North of Stevens' Point, in the centre of the State, the snow fall has been less heavy. All the railroad trains are suspended and side tracked where they happen to reach way stations. The Chicago mail is stuck at Racine. No effort will be made to get trains out of Milwaukee to-day. Some lines in this State will be blockaded a week. It is the worst storm of the season. The telegraph wires are all right. DETROIT, MICH., March 3 .- A furious snow-storm prevails here. The street-ear railroad travel is

seriously impeded. Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fe Railroad will con-nect with the Southern Pacific on the 7th instant. ALL-NIGHT SESSION.

THE BUSINESS OF BOTH HOUSES.

Struggling with the Various Bills in the House and Senate-The Sundry Civil and Deftciency Bills Passed-Other Legislation Agreed Upon.

At last night's session of the Senate the Chair announced as the regular order the Japanese indemnity-fund bill. Mr. Eaton, who had charge of the bill, yielded the floor temporarily to Mr. Withers, chairman of

of private pension bills, which were passed. On motion of Mr. Blair, of the Pension Committee, additional similar bills were passed. Messrs. Wallace, Davis of West Virginia; and Booth were appointed the conferees fon the part of the Senate on the deficiency bill,

the Pension Committee, who called up a number

The Japanese fund bill was proceeded with. After debate, Mr. Kirkwood's amendment to reduce the total to be paid to \$785,000 was rejected and the bill passed-ayes, 46; noes, 6. Messrs. Coke, Harris, Jones of Florida, Maxey, Vest, and Withers voted no. The bill directs the payment to the government of Japan of \$1,463,224, and out of this fund \$248,000 as prize money to the officers and crews of the United States ship Wyoming and steamer Takiang, or their legal representatives. Mr. Beck submitted the conference report upon the sundry civil bill and explained that an agree-

ment had been reached upon all the points at issue with the single exception of the one for the payment of one month's extra compensation to officers and employees on the roll of the House on July 1, 1880, inserted by the House. If the report now made was concurred in by the two Houses, the enrollment of the bill could proceed and the item referred to passed upon at a subsequent meeting of the conference. He then enumerated the results arrived at by the conference, these being as follows: The items in the Senate amendments retained in the bill are the appropriations of \$100,000 for a barge office building in New York; the proviso limiting the cost of the Government building at Toledo, Ohio, to \$400,000, &c.; the increase of \$5,000 for life-saving stations; the appropriation of \$75,000 for a revenue steamer for the Southern coast; the provision for a report to Congress upon harbor, pilot, and other charges upon American vessels; the appropriation of \$15,000 for the pleuro-pneumonia investigation; the item of \$10,000 for a survey of the Delaware and Chesapeake Bays Canal; the \$250,-000 for a site for a new building for the Pension Bureau in the city of Washington; the \$75,000 for the Pensacola navy-yard, and the items for buildings at Annapolis. The section inserted on motion of Mr. Bayard, allowing the Secretary of the Treasury at any time to apply the surplus money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, or so much thereof as he may consider proper, to the purchase or redemption of United States bonds

which bonds shall be canceled, is also retained The following provisions, inserted by a vote of be Senate, are stricken out of the bill: The \$30,000 for the assay office, New York; the increase of \$50,000 for the bureau of Engraving and Printing. (the total for which is left at \$350,000); the item of \$200,000 for preparing granite for the wings of the new State, War, and Navy Department building; the item of \$200,000 for a fire-proof hall of records (a bill for this having passed the Senate and being now before the House); the Item for \$175,000 for the charter and equipment of a vessel to search for the steamer Jeannette, in the Arctic seas; the item of \$33,744 for the Hote Springs reservation improvement; the item of \$175,000 for the purchase of land of \$25,000 for a Mexican embassy. The report was agreed to.

Mr. Whyte submitted a resolution, which he said he was sure would meet with the hearty and unanimous approval of the whole Senate. The resolution was read declaring Vice-President for the courtesy, ability, and im-

partiality with which he had presided over the deliberations during the present session. Adopted by a unanimous vote. The House bill on the table making appropriations for the payment of claims allowed by the Commissioner of Claims under the act of March 3, 1871, &c., was passed.

The Senate then consumed several hours in the discussion of the House bill to incorporate the Cherokee and Arkansas Railroad Company. Meanwhile a message was received from the House announcing its non-concurrence in the conference report on the sundry civil bill. The Senate then reversed its former action, non-concurred in the report, and ordered a new confer-

Subsequently a final report was made (signed by two of the three members), repeating the recommendations of the previous report, with two excepions, namely: The Senate amendment appropriating \$175,000 for a search for the steamer Jeannette, and the House provision for one month's extra pay for House employees. These items, before omitted, were now reinstated in the

Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, the dissenting member of the conference, explained that his dissent had reference to the extra month's pay provision. The report was adopted.

Mr. Wallace presented the conference report on the deficiency bill, which was agreed to without explanation. The Senate was still in session at an early hour

When the House met last night the Senate amendments to the deficiency appropria-

tion bill, on motion of Mr. McMahon, were nonconcurred in and a committee of conference ordered. Messrs, McMahon, Cobb, and Hiscock were appointed as such committee.

Mr. Blount submitted the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill. It states an agreement on all the items in the bill with the exception of a small item relative to the extra pay of

the House employees. The hill, as it came from the Senate, appropriated \$2,000,000 more than when it passed the House. The Senate conferees had yielded \$1,200,000 and the House conferees \$800,000. The bill, as agreed to, appropriates \$21,513,000. The House conferees recede from their objection to the Senate amendment, providing that the Secretary of the Treasury Treasury not otherwise appropriated, or so much thereof as he may consider proper to the purchase or redemption of United States bonds, provided that the bonds so purchased or redeemed shall constitute no part of the sinking fund, but shall

The Senate conferees recede from the Senate amendment appropriating \$175,000 to prosecute the Mr. Elount demanded a vote on agreeing to the

as an instruction to the conference committee to

recede from its disagreement to the Senate amend-

ment relative to the Jeannette.

On motion of Mr. Keifer, a resolution was adopted instructing the conference committee to insist on the disagreement to Senate amendment relative to the extra pay of House employees. A further conference was then ordered. Mr. Converse, chairman of the select committee

submitted a report on that subject, and Mr. brilliant decorations, seemed to have a plunge along through drifts with difficulty. Up to Browne submitted a minority report. The renoon no trains arrived this morning from the ports, which made no recommendations, were ordered printed and laid on the table. From this time on business was practically sus-

confusion was so great that the Speaker was unable

to hear the point of "no quorum," which Mr. Singleton of Illinois raised against each bill. The Speaker could not hear the members and the members could not hear the Speaker, which continued with unabated fury. All the trains state of affairs caused great uproar. Some members loudly demanded recognition, others encouraged them in their efforts, others roared for the regular order, and only a lew remained in their seats, and looked somewhat disgusted. At pose measures which would effectually end ob- Their guests are Major C. A. Earnest, U. S. A., Attwo o'clock this morning the House was still work-

Stray Personals.

ing in disorder.

staff are at the Riges. Governor Nat. Head, of New Hampshire, and House. staff, are at the National. Ex-Governor Hartranft, of Pennsylvania, commanding the Pennsylvania National Guard, and staff, are at the Riggs.

Governor Bigelow, of Connecticut, accompanied ADVICES from Tucson, Arizona, say the troller W. F. Tyler, State Commissioner W.T. Buckly, Arlington.

VENNOR'S PREDICTION. He Hits the Nail on the Head This Time

About the Weather. The following remarkable letter explains itself relative to inauguration weather: GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA.

MONTREAL, 14th February, 1881. Hon. A. S. Solomons, Washington, D. C .: DEAR SIR: I have waited for a season, hoping "the fates" would allow me to send you a favorable prediction for your "festive season," March 4: but, alas! I have waited in vain. March will enter "like a lion" nearly everywhere, and in the term everywhere" I must include Washington, D. C. The 3d or 4th of the month will, in all probability, bring a "cold dip" and stormy weather, with snowfalls over very considerable areas; heavy winds and rains about the 9th or 10th, and second cold snap, with wretched weather, about the 16th or 17th. My sincere wish is that I may be wrong. I remain, dear sir, yours, most respectfully, HENRY S. VENNOR.

### THE PRESIDENT'S LEVEE.

Full Programme of the Reception at the

Museum Building. The general reception committee met at the Museum building yesterday afternoon, Hon. George Bancroft in the chair and Mr. H. H. Clapp. secretary. The select committee of three appointed

was adopted: First-The members of the reception committee door at the northwest side of the building, by which also the members of the diplomatic corps

Second-The members of the committee are expected to be in waiting at a quarter before nine o'clock in the room assigned to them, that they may there meet the President, with the Vice-President and the other invited guests, who will be brought to the building under the conduct of the executive committee.

Third-The President, with the Vice-President and the other invited guests, after being presented to the reception committee in a body, will be formally escorted by the reception committee to the place which the President is to occupy during the evening for the purpose of receiving the salutations of all who may seek the honor of being presented. Places by his side will be occupied by th Vice-President and other invited guests.

The procession will move from the committee oom in the following order: The President of the United States, attended by the chairmen of the executive and reception com-

Ex-President Hayes, attended by the Hon Samuel Shellabarger and Dr. Welling. Mrs. Garfield, wife of the President, attended by Colonel H. C. Corbin and Hon. A. G. Riddle.

Mrs. Garfield, mother of the President, attended

y Mr. H. A. Willard and Hon. William Lawrence.

Mrs. Hayes, attended by Hon. John B. Alley. Vice-President Arthur, attended by Mr. A. M Sapp and Mr. Ellwood E. Thorne. Ex-Vice-President Wheeler, attended by Crosby S. Noyes and Hon. R. T. Merrick.

General Sherman, attended by Admiral Rodgers and General Edward F. Beale. General Hancock, attended by the Hon, J. General Sheridan, attended by Colonel D. B. Linger and General H. H. Wells. The Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the

The Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the upreme Court of the District of Columbia. The Chief Justice and Judges of the Court of The Commissioners of the District of Columbia

unreme Court of the United States.

the reception committee, one chief and four assistants, to act in the committee room of the Mucum for the purpose of arranging the line in the

oregoing order, and of giving the signal for its Fifth-It is understood that the hall and promenade reception committee will be in waiting at the exit from the committee room into the Hall of the Treasury, that they may move in front of the rocession and open its way to the station assigned to the President, the Vice-President, and the other

invited guests. Sixth-The President, with the Vice-President and | cratic Cabinet: other invited guests, after reaching the place assigned to them in the hall of the Museum, shall be in the honorary charge of the reception committee, whose duty and privilege it shall be to facilitate the access of all who may seek the honors of presentation, and who, during the whole evening, shall individually hold themselves in readiness to perform any service which may be indicated by the President, or by the chairmen of the reception or the executive committee, or which may be required of them by the obligations of courtesy in promoting the happiness of all who

Seventh-The members of the diplomatic corp shall be first presented to the President, after which presentations shall be made as opportunity may offer under the general conduct of the chairman of the reception committee, but the duty of making presentations may be delegated by the chairman and any members of the reception committee whom he may name for this purpose.

# THE WHITE HOUSE.

Closing Hours of President Hayes' Ad-

ministration. Yesterday the White House wore an nsettled air incident to the preparations being nade by the President and Mrs. Hayes for vacating the mansion in which they resided for four years. The bustle of preparation for departure was everywhere visible. The Cabinet held a very short session, and at its close the members of the official family took effectionate leave of each other as they separated for other fields of usefulness. The President himself wandered about the house, pullng out drawers and hastily examining their contents, to see that nothing of his private papers was left. It was intended that the children should be taken to Secretary Sherman's yesterday afternoon, leaving only the President and Mrs. Hayes as occupants until to-day; but the storm interfered with this programme, and the children will not go to the Secretary's until this morning. After the inauguration ceremonies are completed the President and Mrs. Hayes will become Mr. Sherman's guests until half-past ten

for a day or two, and then proceed to Columbus, and thence to Fremont, their home. All the attaches at the White House speak most eelingly of their relations with President and Mrs. Hayes, which have been most cordial and agreeable, and their regret at parting is genuine, particalarly so far as relates to Mrs. Hayes, whose pure womanly virtues have greatly endeared her to them. She has graced the position she has held as the wife of the Chief Magistrate with a quiet digulty that has exerted a most beneficial influence upon Washington society, and the regret at her departure from this

## DILLON DEFENDS DEVOY.

Yesterday.

LONDON, March 2 .- In the House of Commons to-day, during the debate on the arms the Governor and staff. They were excerted by the bill, Mr. Dillon defended Mr. John Devoy, who, he said, was one of his friends. He also defended his pion City Guards, of Springfield city. Upon their own advice to the Irish to arm, but he said, in the arrival in Washington the troops were formed event of their disarmament, they were resolved to in line in the following order: Columbus Barestablish equality and disarm the landlords also. racks Band, Governor's Guards, Governor Foster Mr. Dillon said if he was an Irish farmer he would and staff in carriages, and Champion City Guards, of keep a rifle to shoot landlords. [Shouts of "Oh!"] He wished the Irish had proclaimed civil war.

The Speaker called him to order. Sir William Harcourt declared that his former attacks were fully justified by Mr. Dillon's language in previous debate. The Right Hon, William Baxter, Liberal member for Montrose, gave notice that he would ask

struction. Mr. Healy was repeatedly called to order for Joseph Turney, State Auditor J. F. Oglevee, Rev. charging Sir William Harcourt with uttering an Dr. Byers, Board of State Charities, and General untruth. He was eventually "named" by the D. M. Harkness, Bellevue, Ohio. Governor Hoyt, of Pennsylvania, and Speaker, and his suspension was voted by 233 to

A Loop-Hole.

London, March 3.-The new rules of the House of Commons leave a loop-hole for ob- Mayor Curtiss, of Meriden. struction, by means of which Irish members may by Lieutenant-Governor Buckley, State Comp- resist at length an adjournment of the debate on troller W. F. Tyler, State Commissioner W.T. Buckly, Mayor Curtis, and the Governor's staff are at the War, will move in order to make a statement re garding the army organization.

### A GREAT PROPHET.

GOOD READING FROM THE "POST,"

How an Exuberant Democratic Editor Laughed Before He Was Pleased, and the Whirligig of Time Went the Wrong Way for Him Last November.

In September last the volatile and versatile edit or of the Washington Post treated his Demoe atic readers to the following editorial We reproduce it this morning, that its writer may hold it in his hand and refer to it as he witnesses the ceremonies attending the fnauguration of James A. Garfield, Oh! how bitter will be his reflections as he gazes upon the countenance of the new President and realizes that it is not the face of the one that was to have been! We give the Post's editorial, heading

The Sad Fate of General Garfield. Next to the inauguration of Vice-President William H. Fnglish; the most attractive feature of the exercises in the Senate on the 4th-of-March next will be connected with Senator Gar-

field, of Ohlo, who will on that day enter-upon a term of six years in a Democratic Senate. We do not propose to exult over General Garto ascertain and define the duties of the general | field's prospective defeat and disappointment. As committee submitted the following report, which a man we have no ungenerous sentiments toward him. It is the good fortune that is coming to the country in a Democratic triumph, not the crushing shall enter the hall of the National Museum by the | blow that is to fall on General Gareldfi, that moves our exultation.

After the official oath shall have been administered to Vice-President English, in the presence of all the chief dignitaries of the Nation and representatives from all foreign courts, General James A. Garfield, with other Senators-elect, will be called up to the Vice-President's desk to take the oath. What must be his feelings at that hour and in that presence!

Near him will be seated General Hancock, waiting for the organization of the Senate to be perfeeted, in order to proceed to the east front of the Capitol to be inaugurated as President of the United States. It will not be a cheerful thing for Senator Garfield to remember that the man whom he tried to have mustered out of the army has won the prize for which he strove so earnestly. It will occur to Senator Garfield that the whirligig of time is sure to avenge the meanness of men and tha wrongs which they do or try to do.

When the grand procession is formed to move to the east front, the new Ohlo Senator may affect a cheerful mien and step off with alacrity; but he will feel as if he were marching to his own funeral, for it will be the funeral of his ambition. And when he has settled into his new place how often and how terribly he will be wrought on by references to the events of this campaign! How many times will he be reminded that the weapons used against him were forged in Republican workshops! A more unpleasant place for a defeated presidential aspirant could not be contrived by maicious ingenuity than a seat in the Senate with the leaders of the defeated factions, in the persons of Conkling and Blaine, for associates in that body. The Chicago fight will be fought over again a hundred times, and the man who went there to help another and helped himself will not escape the trate.

Day after day the voice of Captain Bassett will be heard in the Senate chamber, announcing "Messages from the President of the United States," and year after year General Garfield will be compelled to see and hear the name of Wintield S, Hancock appended to executive papers. It may be an enviable thing, under average circumstances to be an American Senator; but Senator Garfield will not be an object of envy to anybody.

The remaining members of the reception com-WORSE AND MORE OF IT. Not content with this gleeful outpouring, the editor of the Post followed it up with the follow-

President Hancock's Cabinet. The first important duty devolving upon President Hancock after his inauguration will be the formation of a Cabinet. Considerable interest will attach to his selections, which, we feel authorized to announce, General Hancock will

make himself. The General will be the recipient of advice upon this subject from many sources and quarters. Wa propose to content ourselves with simply suggesting what we consider would be an ideal Demo-

Secretary of State, Jeremiah S. Black, of Pennsylvania, Sceretary of the Treasury, Samuel J. Tilden, of New York,

George B. McClellan, of New Jersey. Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana.

Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio.

John B. Gordon, of Georgia Benjamin F. Butler, of Massachusetts, With such a coterie of advisers the first Demo-

cratic President since the war would enter at once We are permitted this morning to state that in the Cabinet with which President Garfield will

surround himself not one of the above-named gentlemen will be included. Sich is life!

SEATS AND WINDOWS.

What it Costs to Get a Good Sight of the great demand, and although the prices asked in some instances were considered exorbitant, the applicants, after a slight haggle, paid the assessment. Balconies on the Avenue ranged from \$13 to \$0, and single windows were easily disposed of at from \$10 to \$15. At seven o'clock last night only 100 seats in the stand at the corner of Seventh street and the Avenue were unsold, the capacity of the stand being 1,100. Every seat in the stand opposite THE REPUBLICAN office was disposed of early yesterday, as were those of Ford's Opera-House and the Sixth Auditor's office in front of the Washington Market. Every foot of space in front of stores on the Avenue has been utilized in stand erected opposite the White House was deemed one of the best points in the city, and ticketsfor it were soon bought up. The reviewing stand for to-morrow morning, when they will leave by is constructed differently from any other, as in special train for Cleveland, where they will remain addition to being built of the strongest materials, it has been roofed over to protect its occupants from the weather. A moderate estimate of the seating capacity of the stands along the route of the procession places it at twenty-five thousand, Second-floor windows and belconies command the highest prices, and owners of them were not slow to avail themselves of the opportunity to "make hay while the sun shines." Several restaurants and boarding-houses have increased their rates for food fully one hundred per cent., but the lead-

#### ing hotels have kept down to regular prices. GUBERNATORIAL VISITORS.

tive Officers. Governor Charles Foster, of Ohio, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon, accompa-

nied by his staff in full turn-out, with a number of distinguished gentlemen, who come as guests of Springfield. The line proceeded from the depot to Pennsylvania avenue, to Fifteenth street, to the Riggs House, where Governor Foster has rooms. His staif are quartered in the Pullman cars The following composes the Governor's staff: Major-General S. B. Smith, adjutant-general; Brigadier-General Lewis Seasongood, quartermastergeneral; Brigadier-General Beach, surgeon-general; Mr. Gladstone, whether as despite the new rules, the | Colonel J. B. Lewis, Colonel T. E. McNamara, usual necessary business of the House was vir- Colonel Grose, Colonel A. C. Thompson, Colonel W. tually stopped, the government intended to pro- S. Kent, Colonel Case, and J. C. Wehrie, aides. torney-General George K. Nash, State Treasurer

The gentlemen accompanying Governor Bigelow 15. During the scene Mr. Parnell entered the and Lieutenant-Governor Bulkley, of Connecti are: Generals Harmon, Halson, Gregory, Ford, and Camp, Colonels Burrows, Reed, Russell, and Trowbridge, M. F. Tyler, secretary of state; W. T. Balchetter, comptroller; Mayor Bulkley, of Hartford;

V. Glass, of Philadelphia, en route for he stopped Wednesday night.